

Workbook



General Chemistry Workbook

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Properties of Matter

Elementary Properties

Questions

- 1) State whether the following properties are physical or chemical:
 - a. Liquid water freezes into ice.
 - b. Zinc reacts with hydrochloric acid solution to produce hydrogen gas and a solution of zinc chloride in water.
 - c. Copper is reddish brown.
 - d. A bronze statue develops a green coating.

Answer Key

1) a. Physical. b. Chemical. c. Physical. d. Chemical.



Significant Figures

Questions

- 1) Express each of the following in decimal form:
 - a. 2.78×10^{-3}
 - b. 3245.9×10^{-5}
 - c. 21.4×10^{-2}
 - d. 5.678×10^2
 - e. 8.2×10^3
- **2)** Express each of the following in exponential form:
 - a. 4,300
 - b. 0.00976
 - c. 56,322
 - d. 724.8
- 3) How many significant figures are shown in the following? Explain.
 - a. 0.0617
 - b. 0.0089
 - c. 429.52
 - d. 9.035
 - e. 62000
 - f. 567.70
- 4) Express each of the following numbers to three significant figures:
 - a. 27,000
 - b. 276.3
 - c. 53.07
 - d. 8.9777×10^4
 - e. 0.05467
- **5)** Calculate each of the following and express the answers with the appropriate number of significant numbers:
 - a. 0.7382×0.0035
 - b. 0.23 + 12.692 0.075
 - c. $\frac{45.82 \times 35.6}{0.050}$
 - d. $\frac{2.345 + 0.6329}{2.1 + 8.78 0.023}$

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Answers

- **1)** a. 0.00278 b. 0.032459 c. 0.214 d. 567.8
 - e. 8200.
- **2)** a. 4.300×10^3 b. 9.76×10^{-3} c. 5.6322×10^4 d. 7.248×10^2
- **3)** a. 0.0617 has three significant figures; zeros to the left of the first nonzero digit are not significant.
 - b. 0.0089 has two significant figures; zeros to the left of the first nonzero digit are not significant.
 - c. 429.52 has five significant figures; non-zero digits are always significant.
 - d. 9.035 has four significant figures; zeros between non-zero digits are significant.
 - e. 62000 can have from 2 to 5 significant figures since there is no decimal point.
 - f. 567.70 has five significant figures; zero to the right of the decimal point are significant.
- 4) a. 2.70×10^4
- b. 276
- c. 53.1
- d. 8.98×10^4

- e. 0.0547
- **5)** a. 2.6×10^{-3} b. 12.85
- c. 3.3×10^4
- d. 0.274.

Basic Tools for Calculations

Questions

- 1) Perform the following conversions:
 - a. $0.145 L = __m L$
 - b. $18.2 \text{ mL} = __L$
 - c. $671 \text{ cm}^3 = L$
 - d. $3.64 \text{ m}^3 = \underline{} \text{cm}^3$
- 2) Perform the following conversions:
 - a. $1.67 \text{ kg} = \underline{g}$
 - b. $711g = _{kg}$
 - c. 3896 mm = ___cm
 - d. 0.211 cm = ___ mm
 - e. 1 $m^2 = _{km}^2$
 - f. 1 $m^3 =$ ___ cm^3
- 3) Perform the following conversions:
 - a. 62.2 in. =___cm
 - b. 87 ft. =____m
 - c. 1.36 lb = g
 - d. $252 lb = _kg$
 - e. 1.79 gal =___L
- 4) Which is the greater mass, 3378 μg or 0.00618 mg?
- 5) Which is the greater mass, 3456 $\,mg\,$ or 0.000584 $\,kg$?
- 6) On a thermometer, the lowest temperature mark is at -10° C and the highest is 65° C. What are the equivalent Fahrenheit temperatures?
- 7) In San Bernardino, California, the lowest and highest temperatures are $20^{\circ}F$ and $120^{\circ}F$. What are the equivalent Celsius temperatures?
- 8) A non-SI unit used in pharmaceutical work is the grain (gr), while 16 gr = 1 g.

An aspirin tablet contains 6.0 gr of aspirin.

A 160 lb individual takes two aspirin tablets a day.

- a. What is the quantity of aspirin in two tablets, expressed in milligrams?
- b. What is the dosage rate of aspirin, expressed in milligrams of aspirin per kilogram of body mass?

9) A 3L sample of butyric acid has a mass of 2,100 g.

What is the density of butyric acid in $\frac{g}{mL}$?

- 10) A 16 L sample of chloroform at 20° C has a density of 1.48 grams per milliliter. What is the mass of the chloroform at 20° C in kilograms?
- **11)** A sample of ethanol at 25°C weighs 340 g and has a density of 0.789 grams per milliliter. What is the volume of the sample at 25°C in liters?
- 12) A square piece of aluminum foil, $10\,\mathrm{in}$. on a side, weighs $2.673\,\mathrm{g}$. What is the thickness of this foil?

The density of aluminum is $2.70 \frac{g}{cm^3}$.

- 13) Which of the following has a greater mass?
 - a. A rectangular bar of iron, $80 \text{cm} \times 2.5 \text{cm} \times 1.5 \text{cm}$.
 - b. A sheet of aluminum foil, $12.5m \times 3.5m \times 0.005cm$.

The following densities are given: iron, 7.86 $\frac{g}{cm^3}$ and aluminum, 2.70 $\frac{g}{cm^3}$.

14) To determine the mass of an irregularly shaped piece of copper, the following experiment is performed:

100 pieces of copper are added to 8.5 \ensuremath{mL} of water in a graduated cylinder.

The total volume becomes 9 ml . The density of copper is 8.92 $\frac{g}{cm^3}$.

Determine the mass of a single piece of copper, assuming that all the pieces are of the same dimensions.

15) To determine the volume of an irregularly shaped vessel, the vessel was weighed empty (120 $\,\mathrm{g}$), and when filled with carbon tetrachloride (282.5 $\,\mathrm{g}$).

What is the volume capacity of the vessel, in $\,\mathrm{mL}$?

The density of carbon tetrachloride is 1.59 $\frac{g}{mL}$.

16) A solution consisting of 7% acetone and 93% water by mass has a density of 0.9867 $\frac{g}{mL}$.

What mass of acetone, in kilograms, is present in 7.50 L of solution?

- 17) A solution of sucrose in water is 28% sucrose by mass and has a density of 1.118 $\frac{g}{mL}$. What volume of this solution, in liters, must be used in an application requiring 1.095 kg of sucrose?
- 18) Ethylene glycol has a density of 1.11 $\frac{g}{mL}$ at $20^{\circ}C$.
 - a. What is the mass, in grams, of 465 mL ethylene glycol?
 - b. What is the mass, in kilograms, of 17.2 L ethylene glycol?
 - c. What is the volume, in $\,mL$, occupied by 72.0 g ethylene glycol?

Answer Key

- **1)** a. 145 mL b. 0.0182 L c. 0.671 L d. $3.64 \cdot 10^6 \text{ cm}^3$
- **2)** a. 1670 g b. 0.711 kg c. 389.6 cm d. 2.11 mm e. $1 \cdot 10^{-6} \text{km}^2$ f. $1 \cdot 10^{-6} \text{cm}^3$
- **3)** a. 165.61 cm b. 26.52 m c. 616.9 g d. 114.41 kg e. 6.78 L
- **4)** 3378 μg
- **5)** 3456 μg
- **6)** $14^{\circ}F$ and $149^{\circ}F$, respectively.
- **7)** -6.67°C and 48.89°C, respectively.
- 8) a. 750 mg b. $10.32 \frac{\text{mg aspirin}}{\text{kg body mass}}$
- **9)** $0.7 \frac{g}{mL}$
- **10)** 23.68 kg
- **11)** 0.43 L
- **12)** 0.00153 cm
- **13)** b
- **14)** 0.446 g
- **15)** 102.2 mL
- **16)** 0.518 kg
- **17)** 3.5 L
- **18)** a. 516.159 g b. 19.1 kg c. 64.86 mL